

MANAGEMENT OF THE TRANSITION PERIOD

TO INTERNAL AUDIT IN MOLDOVA

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“Factors that preconditioned PIFC introduction”

- EU-Moldova Action Plan ratified on 22.02.2005 – contains provisions on PIFC introduction
- The Government indicated establishment of PIFC system as an objective in various government strategies (similar actions were envisioned in the PIFC Development Strategy adopted by Government Decree N 74 on 29.01.2008)
- PIFC establishment is preconditioned by the second component of Public Finance Management Project (“Internal Control and Audit”) financed by the World Bank

Stages of PIFC Implementation

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- I. Initial Preparation Stage (2006-2007)* – establishment of CHU; regulatory and legislative framework; methodology; raising awareness; initial training; maintenance of the existing inspection
 - II. Centralized Audit Stage (2008-2009)* – Reorganization of Financial Control and Inspection Service into Centralized Internal Audit Service for replacing inspection by internal audit, pilot IA projects in 3 institutions. Methodological and practical assistance and capacity building
 - III. Decentralization Stage (2009-2010)* – after assessment of pilot projects – Decentralized Internal Audit was set up in public sector institutions

Achieved Progress: Legal framework

- PIFC Concept (2006)
- National Internal Audit Standards (2007)
- Code of Ethics of Internal Auditor (2007)
- Internal Audit Chart (2007)

- Development Strategy of PIFC (2008)
- Methodology norms of internal audit in public sector (2008)

- Law on local public administration (amended in 2009 г.)
- Law on budget system in budgetary process (amended in 2008 and 2009)

Achieved Progress: Legislative Framework

- Draft Law on PIFC – submitted to the Government (2010)
- Draft Strategy of PIFC Development (2010-2012) – submitted to the Government together with the Law
- Draft of standard 19 "Audit of Quality Characteristics"(2010)
- Draft Strategy on Training and Professional Development of Internal Auditors (2010)

Achieved progress: Institutional environment

- CHU establishment
- Internal audit pilot project
- Establishment of 35 internal audit units
- Methodological and practical support to internal audit units of public institutions
- Support to public institutions for establishment of internal audit units and staff hiring
- 8 internal audit units perform audit
- Web page opening - <http://minfin.md/ro/cfpi/>

Achieved progress: Learning and professional development environment

- Organization of seminars on mediation for executive managers
- Organization of seminars for internal auditors
- During the seminars, internal auditors who work in conformity with the National Internal Audit Standards organize practical trainings for junior auditors

MAIN CHALLENGES

- Absence of external consultants and funds
- Lack of understanding of internal audit function
- Establishment of internal audit units comprised of 1-2 employees (it is impossible to expand staffing due to limitation of new hiring in the public sector)
- Shortage of experienced internal audit specialists
- Status and level of remuneration of internal auditors
- Certification of internal auditors
- Quality assessment of internal audit performance
- Old “habits” of internal audit units staff – look for errors and who to blame
- Internal auditors do not assess operative activity of public institutions
- FMC system is not established in public institutions

LESSONS LEARNED

- Compulsory availability of external funds and external consultants
- Strategy – good instrument to start establishment of IA
- Raising awareness of top management

- PIFC– IA– good anti-corruption instrument – preventive measure
- Audit is not inspection, it is value-added function...
- Support of internal audit and FMC by top management

LESSONS LEARNED (CONTINUED)

- Do not confuse internal inspection and internal audit – management bears responsibility for inspection, while the auditor for internal control systems ...
- Do not let internal auditors to work in isolation
- Strategy of hiring and retention of responsible and qualified specialists
- Strengthening public-relations - conferences, press-releases, brochures
- Efficient and continuous training system for internal auditors
- Monitoring and reporting on the progress achieved by internal audit system

QUESTIONS

1. How to ensure real independence and objectivity of internal auditors?
2. How to organize certification of internal auditors in the best way?
3. How should CHU monitor and report the progress of internal audit activity in the internal audit units?
Basing on what criteria?
4. How to assess the quality of internal audit performance in a more efficient way?