



Review of the existing information system of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Belarus (ASFR)

Minsk 2014



Issues covered in the presentation

1. History of ASFR.
2. ASFR content and functionality.
3. ASFR structure.
4. Budget planning.
5. Budget execution and reporting.
6. Public Debt.
7. Interoperation with banks. Interoperation with ERIP.
8. Information security (regulatory framework and security elements).
9. ASFR technical architecture.
10. ASFR challenges.
11. ASFR modernization.
12. Data center and analytical reporting system.
13. Services delivered to the MoF by the Data-Processing Center.
14. Advanced training.
15. Conclusions.

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History of ASFR

- 1993** – ASFR established (TSA opened at the National Bank, budget revenues accumulated at TSA);
- 1997** – automation of budget planning, development of the budget applications package;
- 1999** – automation of republican budget execution through the Treasury Territorial (TT) units;
- 2001** – execution of the oblast budgets through the Treasury System;
- 2006** – execution of the primary level budgets through the Treasury System;
- 2005** – further ASFR development; automation of republican budget revenue accounting;
- 2005–2006** – launching of the Republican Data Transmission Network of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Belarus into full time operation
- 2009** – commissioning “Client of the Territorial Treasury” software into operation;
- 2012** – commissioning “Reporting Module” software package into operation.



Missions of the MoF

- ✓ Implementation of a common fiscal policy and coordination of other republican government agencies activities in relation to financial sphere.
- ✓ Developing proposals on ensuring growth of financial resources, improving fiscal relations between citizens and the government, as well as utilization of borrowed resources.
- ✓ Efficient implementation of fiscal policies.
- ✓ Management of domestic and foreign public debt of the Republic of Belarus, borrowing and servicing of external public loans comprising the external debt of the Republic of Belarus.
- ✓ Insurance government regulation.
- ✓ Accounting and reporting government regulation.

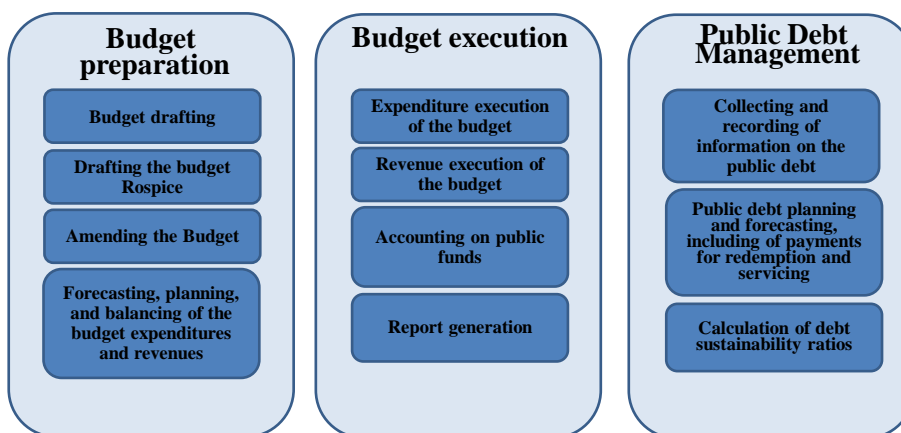


ASFR Functions:

- 1) automation of the following elements of the budget process:
 - ✓ drafting the budgets at all levels;
 - ✓ execution of the budgets at all levels;
 - ✓ interaction of Financial Departments and Treasury Units with other participants of the budget process (budget funds administrators and revenue collection agencies), as well as inspection agencies;
 - ✓ insurance and audit management;
 - ✓ record keeping of public securities ;
- 2) exercising control over the earmarked use of the budgets resources by entities of the general government sector;
- 3) analysis of the economy, sector finances as well as finances of administrative-territorial units;
- 4) support to functioning of the MoF, its territorial agencies, and Financial Departments at subnational level, including ones not directly related to the budget process.



Basic Elements of ASFR





ASFR Subsystems and Software Packages

Budget planning

There are 2 software products in use.

- Software package for the republican and local budgets (KBZ)
- Software package “Main administrator of funds — administrator of funds)” (GRS-RS)

Budget execution and reporting

There are 16 software products in use.

Main ones:

- Software package “Execution of the republican and local budgets”
- “Client of the Territorial Treasury” software
- “Accounting and Reporting” software
- “AIS GK” program package - part related to the republican budget revenue execution

Public Debt Management

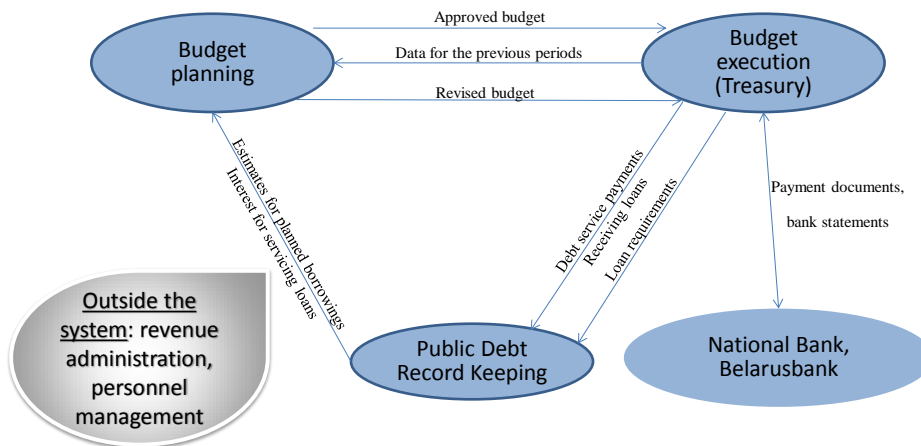
There are 5 software products in use.

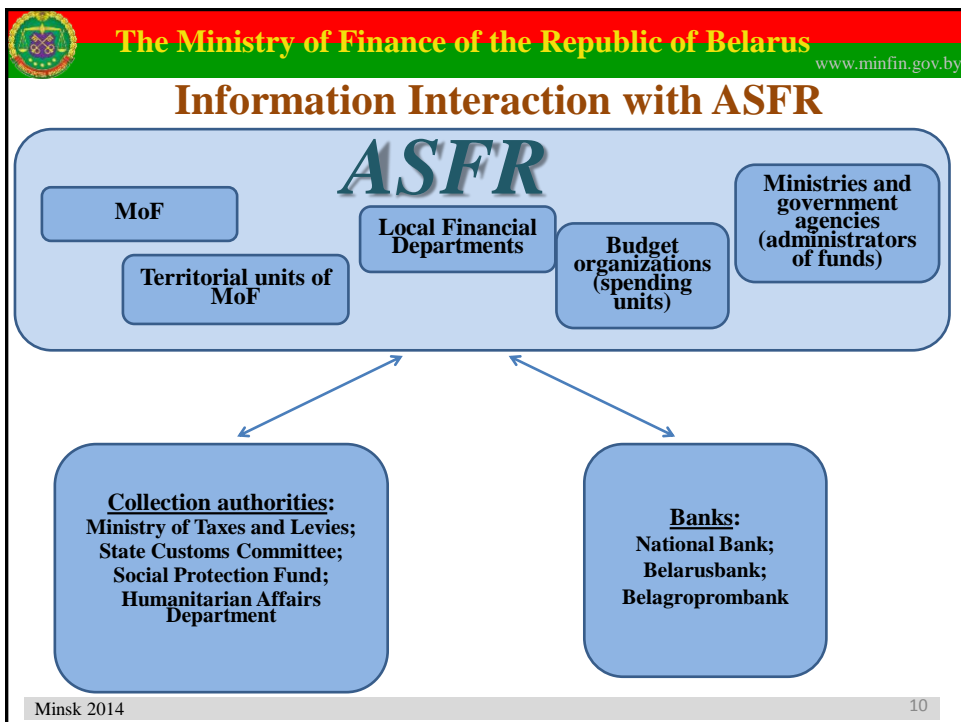
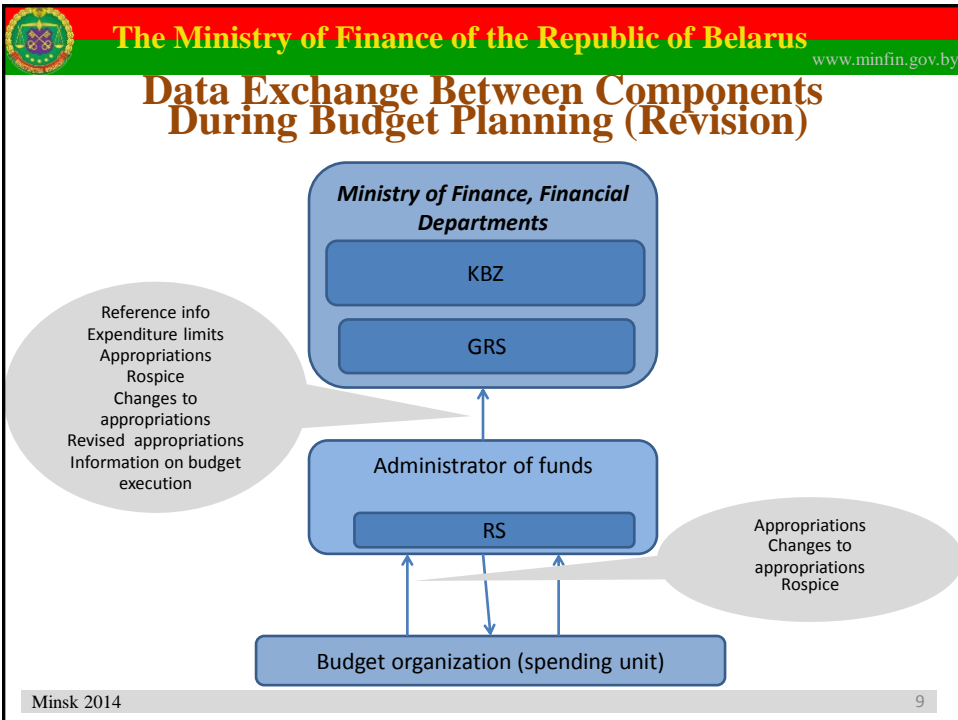
Main ones:

- “External debt record keeping, control, and analysis” software package
- “Public debt record keeping” software package

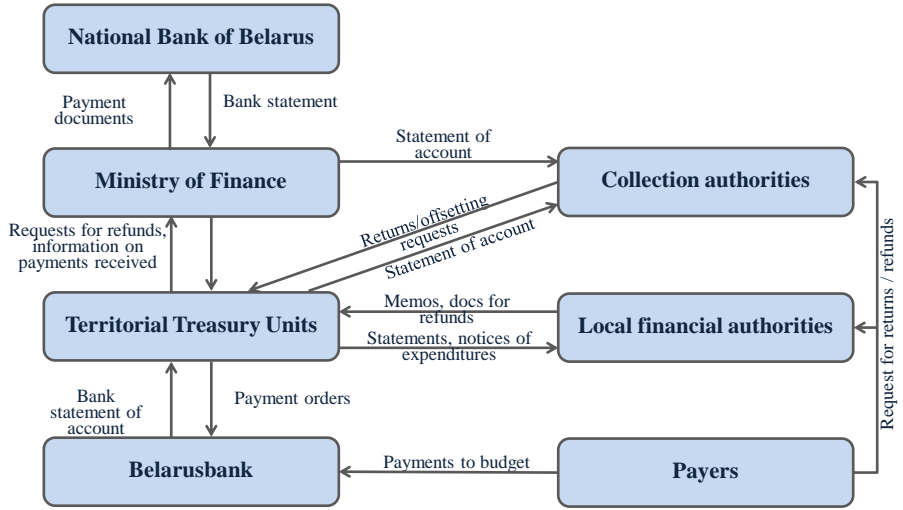


ASFR through the World Bank Reference Model

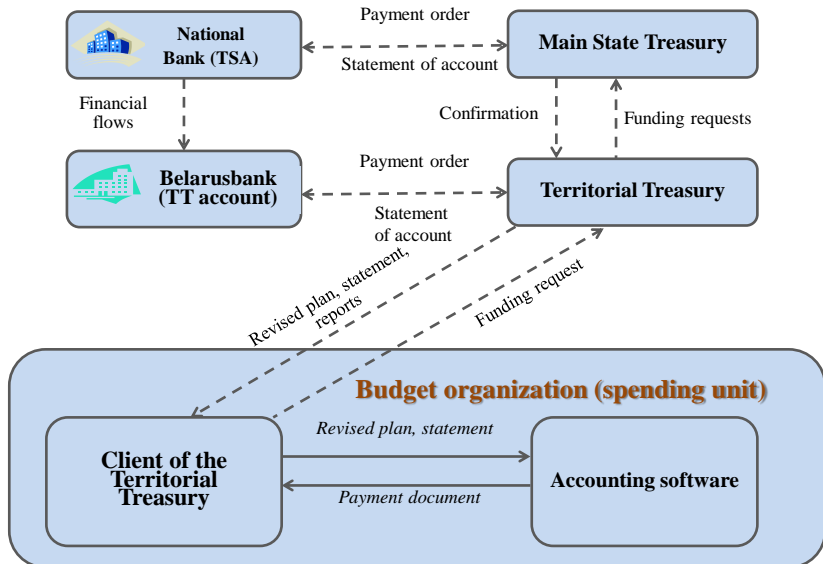




Budget Execution - Revenues

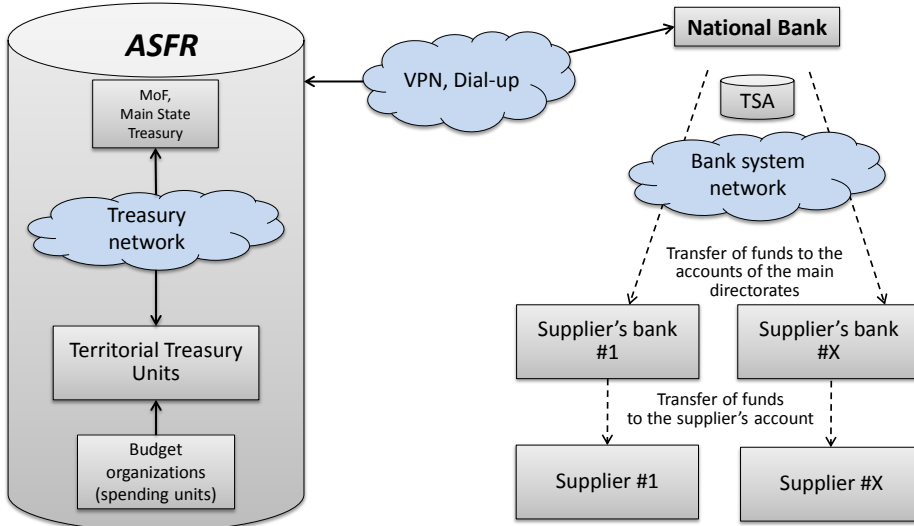


Budget Execution - Expenditures

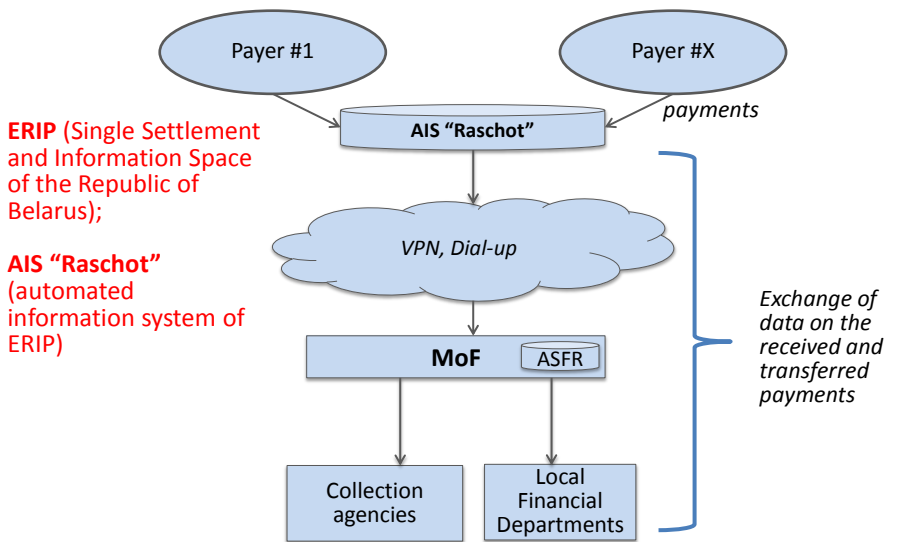




Interoperation with Banks



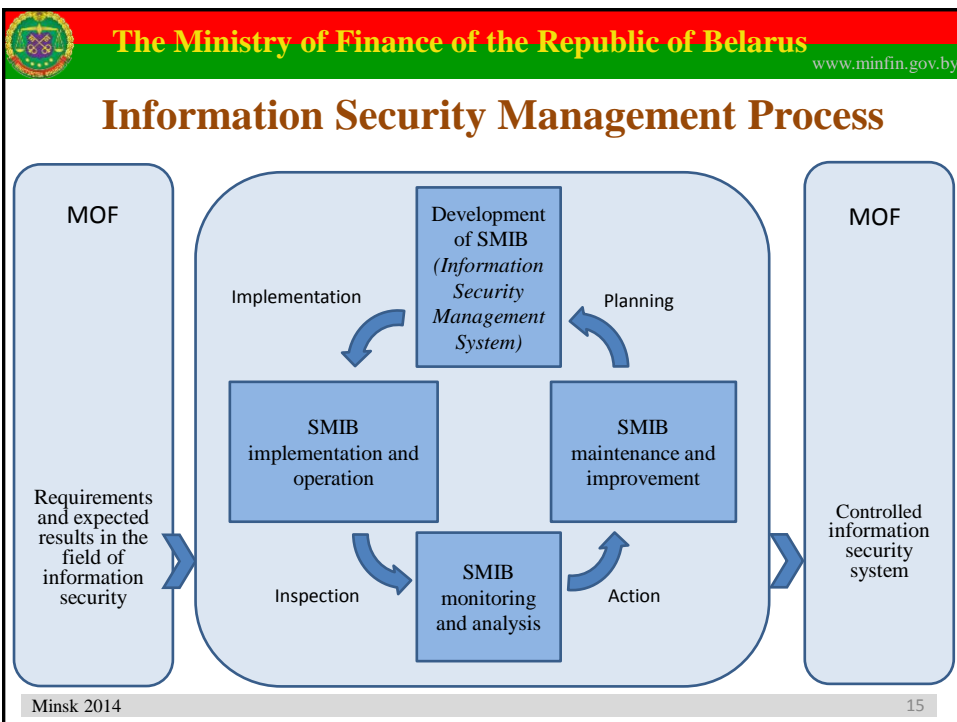
Interoperation with ERIP



ERIP (Single Settlement and Information Space of the Republic of Belarus);

AIS "Raschot" (automated information system of ERIP)

Exchange of data on the received and transferred payments



The Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Belarus
www.minfin.gov.by

Ensuring Information Security

Regulatory framework:

- Law of the Republic of Belarus #455-z dated November 10, 2008: “On information, informatization, information security”
- Law of the Republic of Belarus #113-z dated December 28, 2009: “On the electronic document and electronic digital signature”
- Decree #196 of the President of the Republic of Belarus dated April 16, 2013: “On some measures to improve information security”
- Decree #486 of the President of the Republic of Belarus dated October 25, 2011: “On certain measures to ensure the security of critically important informatization sites”
- Decree #60 of the President of the Republic of Belarus dated February 1, 2010: “On measures for improving the use of the national segment of the Internet”
- Order #62 of the Operative Analytical Center under the President of the Republic of Belarus dated August 30, 2013: “On some issues of technical and cryptographic information security”

Organizational activities:

- Enforcement of the information security instruments
- Division of information resources
- Establishment of the certification center, registration centers, and application of electronic documents
- Periodic inspections

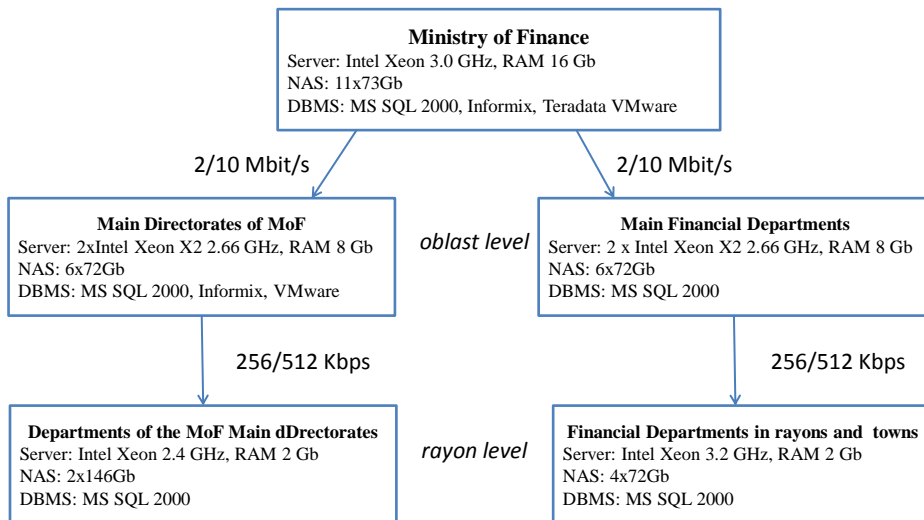
Software and hardware activities:

- Antiviral software (Kaspersky Endpoint Security 10)
- Internet proxy server (Kerio 7.4)
- Firewall (FortiGate 110 c)
- Application of electronic digital signature

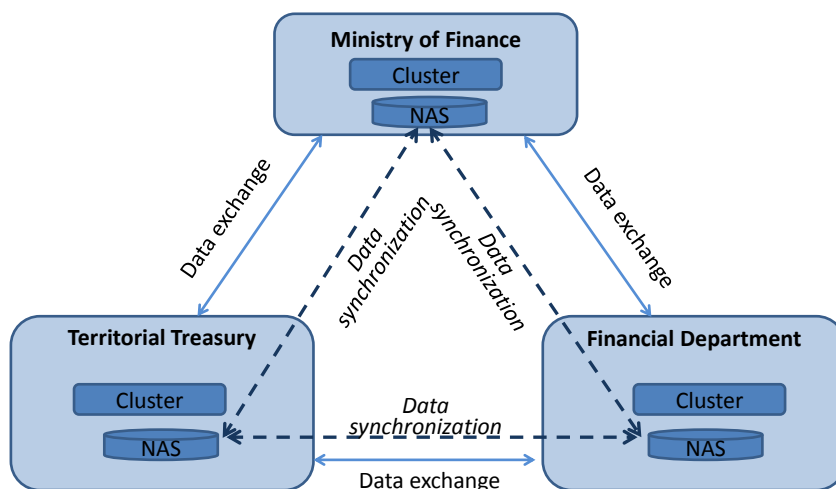
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ASFR Technical Architecture



Geographically-Distributed Computing Complex



Note:

Applied software (SW): Accelops, Ridgeline 4.0, FortiManager, VMware vSphere 5, StarWind Enterprise

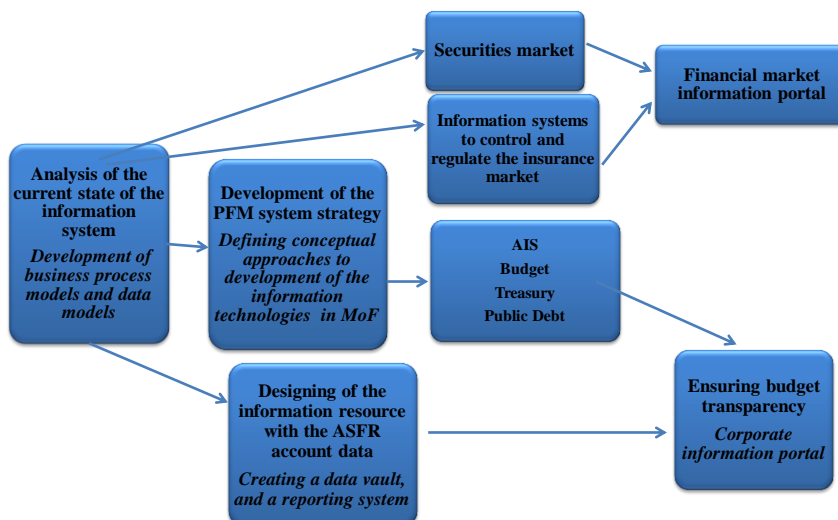


ASFR Challenges

- Decentralized (by budget types) multi-tier system structure.
- Geographical distribution of the databases.
- A big number of software products deployed through different development approaches (*ASFR comprises 43 software products*).
- Lack of comprehensive operative (on-line) information on execution of the budgets.
- Variety of database management systems and programming languages.
- Use of obsolete technologies.



Approaches to MoF Information System Modernization





Main Goals of ASFR Modernization

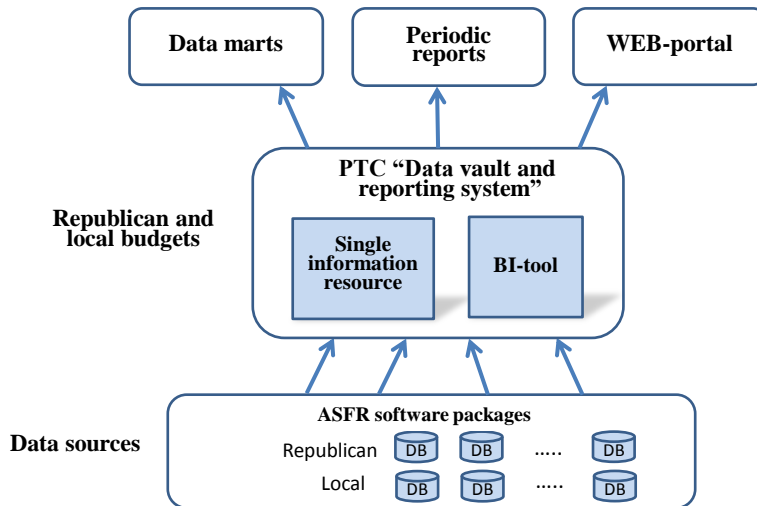
- To establish a single integrated public finance management system
- To apply standardized software and hardware solutions
- To optimize public finance management functional processes
- To maximize electronic document utilization
- To apply the state-of-the-art technologies of data processing and information access
- To strengthen the MoF Data –Processing Center as the focal point to deliver software development, data processing, and data storage services



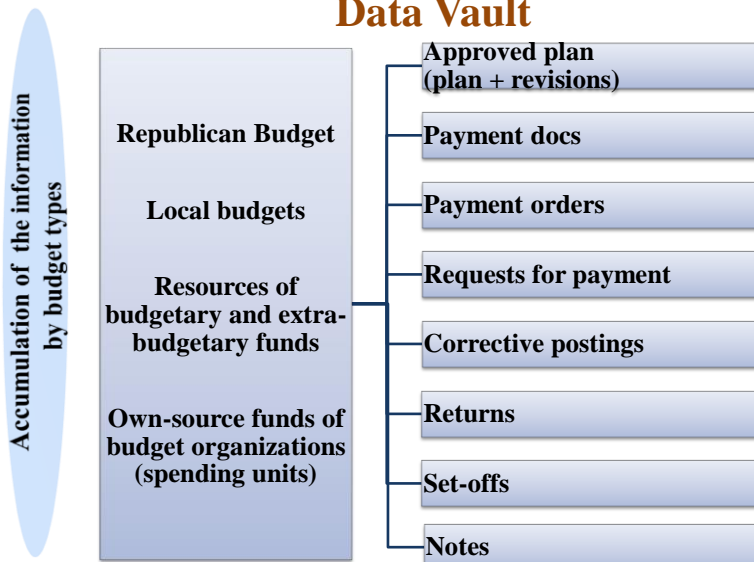
ASFR Modernization Results

- Efficient and operative public finance management
- Optimized functional processes of MoF and its units
- Creation of the documented information resource on execution of the state budget
- Manageability and flexibility of the automated system
- High reliability, fault tolerance, and security of the system
- Reduced operating costs related to system operation, maintenance, and development
- Integrated approach to strategic development of the public finance management system

Data Vault and Analytical Reporting System



Management of Account Data Storage for the Data Vault





Services Delivered to the MoF by the Data-Processing Center

80 specialists

- Software development
- Software maintenance

20 specialists

- System administration and maintenance

5 specialists

- Information security

150 specialists

- Regional representatives



Qualification Upgrade

State Educational Institution "Center of Upgrade of Qualification for Managers and Staff of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Belarus"

Objective:

- to upgrade qualifications, to enhance and deepen professional knowledge and skills in finance, tax policy, information technologies, insurance;
- to prepare for taking qualification exams in the field of audit, government regulation of the securities market, the international financial reporting standards;
- to improve professional competencies of the experts.

Specialists of the following agencies are trained:

- central apparatus (HQ) of the Ministry of Finance;
- territorial units of the Ministry of Finance and local financial departments;
- securities and insurance companies;
- auditors, and specialists of economic and accounting departments of any entities of any property title;
- inspection and audit departments in line ministries

Lectures:

- leading national and international experts;
- most experienced university lectures;
- experts from government agencies and other organizations involved in qualification upgrade and advanced training programs.

Note:

- there are 15 classrooms;
- about 350 people get training annually;
- there are 230 study groups in 2014.



Thank you for attention



Glossary:

AIS – Automated information system;

AIS GK – Automated information system of the State Treasury;

ASFR – Automated system of financial settlements of the Ministry of Finance;

DB – database;

Belarusbank – Belarusbank Open Joint-Stock Company;

Belagroprombank – Belagroprombank Open Joint-Stock Company;

GRS – main administrator of budget funds;

TSA – Treasury Single Account;

KZ (ST) – set of tasks;

PTC – software and hardware complex;

RS – administrator of budget funds;

SMIB – Information Security Management System;

PFM – public financial management;

NAS – network attached storage;

TT – Territorial Treasury